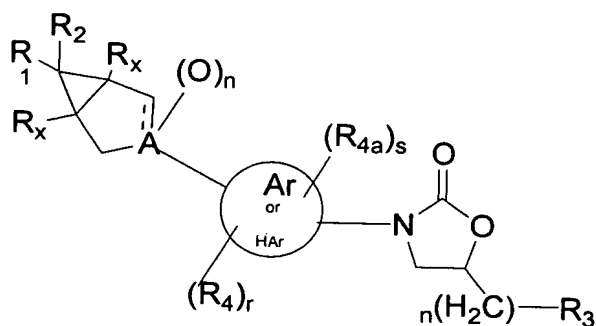


What is Claimed Is:

1. The present invention relates to compounds of formula I:



I

its enantiomer, diastereomer, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt, hydrate or prodrug thereof wherein:

R₁ and R₂ independently represent

hydrogen, NR₅R₆, CR₇R₈R₉, C(R)₂OR₁₄, CH₂NHR₁₄, C(=O)R₁₃, C(=NOH)H, C(=NOR₁₃)H, C(=NOR₁₃)R₁₃, C(=NOH)R₁₃, C(=O)N(R₁₃)₂, C(=NOH)N(R₁₃)₂, NHC(=X₁)N(R₁₃)₂, (C=NH)R₇, N(R₁₃)C(=X₁)N(R₁₃)₂, COOR₁₃, SO₂R₁₄, N(R₁₃)SO₂R₁₄, N(R₁₃)COR₁₄, (C₁₋₆alkyl)CN, CN, CH=C(R)₂, C(R₄)₂X₁SiR₁₆, (CH₂)_pOH, C(=O)CHR₁₃, C(=NR₁₃)R₁₃, NR₁₀C(=X₁)R₁₃; or C₅-10 heterocycle optionally substituted with 1-3 groups of R₇, which may be attached through either a carbon or a heteroatom;


A represents C (when --- is present), CH or N (when --- is not present);

--- represents a bond;



represents aryl or heteroaryl, heterocycle, heterocyclyl or heterocyclic, provided that in the case of a heteroaryl, heterocycle, heterocyclyl or heterocyclic, a cyclopropyl is not attached to a nitrogen atom on the ring;

R_x represents hydrogen or C₁₋₆ alkyl;

R₃ represents  which is an optionally substituted aromatic heterocyclic group containing at least one nitrogen in the ring and which is attached through a bond on any N, and which is unsubstituted or contains 1 to 3 substituents of R₇

R₄ and R_{4a} independently represent
hydrogen,
halogen,
C₁₋₆ alkoxy, or
C₁₋₆ alkyl

r and s independently are 1-3, with the provision that when (R_{4a})_s and (R₄)_r are attached to an Ar or HAr ring the sum of r and s is less than or equal to 4;

R₅ and R₆ independently represent
hydrogen, C₁₋₆ alkyl optionally substituted with 1-3 groups of halogen, CN, OH, C₁₋₆ alkoxy, amino, imino, hydroxyamino, alkoxyamino, C₁₋₆ acyloxy, C₁₋₆ alkylsulfenyl, C₁₋₆ alkylsulfinyl, C₁₋₆ alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, C₁₋₆ alkylaminosulfonyl, C₁₋₆ dialkylaminosulfonyl, 4-morpholinylsulfonyl, phenyl, pyridine, 5-isoxazolyl, ethylenyloxy, or ethynyl, said phenyl and pyridine optionally substituted with 1-3 halogen, CN, OH, CF₃, C₁₋₆ alkyl or C₁₋₆ alkoxy; C₁₋₆ acyl optionally substituted with 1-3 groups of halogen, OH, SH, C₁₋₆ alkoxy, naphthalenoxy, phenoxy, amino, C₁₋₆ acylamino, hydroxylamino, alkoxyamino, C₁₋₆ acyloxy, aralkyloxy, phenyl, pyridine, C₁₋₆ alkylcarbonyl, C₁₋₆ alkylamino, C₁₋₆ dialkylamino, C₁₋₆ hydroxyacyloxy, C₁₋₆ alkylsulfenyl, phthalimido, maleimido, succinimido, said phenoxy, phenyl and pyridine optionally substituted with 1-3 groups of halo, OH, CN, C₁₋₆ alkoxy, amino, C₁₋₆ acylamino, CF₃ or C₁₋₆ alkyl; C₁₋₆ alkylsulfonyl optionally substituted with 1-3 groups of halogen, OH, C₁₋₆ alkoxy, amino, hydroxylamino, alkoxyamino, C₁₋₆ acyloxy, or phenyl; said phenyl optionally substituted with 1-3 groups of halo, OH, C₁₋₆ alkoxy, amino, C₁₋₆ acylamino, CF₃ or C₁₋₆ alkyl; arylsulfonyl optionally substituted with 1-3 of halogen, C₁₋₆ alkoxy, OH or C₁₋₆ alkyl;

C1-6 alkoxycarbonyl optionally substituted with 1-3 of halogen, OH, C1-6 alkoxy, C1-6 acyloxy, or phenyl, said phenyl optionally substituted with 1-3 groups of halo, OH, C1-6 alkoxy, amino, C1-6 acylamino, CF₃ or C1-6 alkyl; aminocarbonyl, C1-6 alkylaminocarbonyl or C1-6 dialkylaminocarbonyl, said alkyl groups optionally substituted with 1-3 groups of halogen, OH, C1-6 alkoxy or phenyl, five to six membered heterocycles optionally substituted with 1-3 groups of halogen, OH, CN, amino, C1-6 acylamino, C1-6 alkylsulfonylamino, C1-6 alkoxycarbonylamino, C1-6 alkoxy, C1-6 acyloxy or C1-6 alkyl, said alkyl optionally substituted with 1-3 groups of halogen, or C1-6 alkoxy; C3-6 cycloalkylcarbonyl optionally substituted with 1-3 groups of halogen, OH, C1-6 alkoxy or CN; benzoyl optionally substituted with 1-3 groups of halogen, OH, C1-6 alkoxy, C1-6 alkyl, CF₃, C1-6 alkanoyl, amino or C1-6 acylamino; pyrrolylcarbonyl optionally substituted with 1-3 of C1-6 alkyl; C1-2 acyloxyacetyl where the acyl is optionally substituted with amino, C1-6 alkylamino, C1-6 dialkylamino, 4-morpholino, 4-aminophenyl, 4-(dialkylamino)phenyl, 4-(glycylamino)phenyl; or R₅ and R₆ taken together with any intervening atoms can form a 3 to 7 membered heterocyclic ring containing carbon atoms and 1-2 heteroatoms independently chosen from O, S, SO, SO₂, N, or NR₈;

R₇ represent

hydrogen, halogen, CN, CO₂R, CON(R)₂, CHO, CH₂NHAc, C(=NOR), OH, C1-6 alkoxy, C1-6 alkyl, alkenyl, (CH₂)_namino, (CH₂)_nC1-6 alkylamino, C1-6 dialkylamino, hydroxylamino or C1-2 alkoxyamino all of which can be optionally substituted on the nitrogen with C1-6 acyl, C1-6 alkylsulfonyl or C1-6 alkoxycarbonyl, said acyl and alkylsulfonyl optionally substituted with 1-2 of halogen or OH;

R₈ and R₉ independently represents

H, CN,

C1-6 alkyl optionally substituted with 1-3 halogen, CN, OH, C1-6 alkoxy, C1-6 acyloxy, or amino,

phenyl optionally substituted with 1-3 groups of halogen, OH, C1-6 alkoxy; or

R₇ and R₈ taken together can form a 3-7 membered carbon ring optionally interrupted with 1-2 heteroatoms chosen from O, S, SO, SO₂, NH, and NR₈;

X_1 represents O, S or NR_{13} , NCN , NCO_2R_{16} , or NSO_2R_{14}

R_{10} represents hydrogen, C_{1-6} alkyl or CO_2R_{15} ;

Each R_{13} represents independently hydrogen, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{6-10} aryl, NR_5R_6 , SR_8 , $S(O)R_8$, $S(O)_2R_8$, CN , OH , C_{1-6} alkyl $S(O)R$, C_{1-6} alkoxy carbonyl, hydroxycarbonyl, C_{1-6} acyl, C_{3-7} membered carbon ring optionally interrupted with 1-4 heteroatoms chosen from O, S, SO, SO_2 , NH and NR_8 where said C_{1-6} alkyl, aryl or C_{1-6} acyl groups may be independently substituted with 0-3 halogens, hydroxy, $N(R)_2$, CO_2R , C_{6-10} aryl, C_{5-10} heteroaryl, or C_{1-6} alkoxy groups;

When two R_{13} groups are attached to the same atom or two adjacent atoms they may be taken together to form a 3-7 membered carbon ring optionally interrupted with 1-2 heteroatoms chosen from O, S, SO, SO_2 , NH , and NR_8 ;

R represents hydrogen or C_{1-6} alkyl;

R_{14} represents amino, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, five to six membered heterocycles or phenyl, said phenyl and heterocycles optionally substituted with 1-3 group of halo, C_{1-6} alkoxy, C_{1-6} acylamino, or C_{1-6} alkyl, hydroxy and/or amino, said amino and hydroxy optionally protected with an amino or hydroxy protecting group;

R_{15} is C_{1-6} alkyl or benzyl said benzyl optionally substituted with 1-3 groups of halo, OH , C_{1-6} alkoxy, amino, C_{1-6} acylamino, or C_{1-6} alkyl;

R_{16} is hydrogen, C_{5-10} heteroaryl, C_{6-10} aryl, said heteroaryl and aryl optionally substituted with 1-3 groups of R_7 ;

m , n , p and q represents 0-1.

2. A compound according to claim 1 wherein R_1 and R_2 independently represent H, NR_5R_6 , CN , OH , $C(R)_2OR_{14}$, $NHC(=X_1)N(R_{13})_2$, $C(=NOH)N(R_{13})_2$, $NR_{10}C(=X_1)R_{13}$ or $CR_7R_8R_9$.



3. A compound according to claim 2 wherein Ar or HAr_a is phenyl, pyridine, pyrimidine, or piperidine.
4. A compound according to claim 3 wherein one of R_1 and R_2 is H and the other is NR_5R_6 ; H and the other is CN; or H and the other is $NR_{10}C(=X_1)R_{13}$.
5. A compound according to claim 4 wherein A is C, --- is present, and $Z=(O)_n$ where $n=0$; A is C, --- is not present and $Z=H$, OH or halogen or A is N, --- is not present and $Z=(O)_n$ where $n=1$.
6. A compound according to claim 5 wherein R_3 is 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole, 1,2,5-triazole, tetrazole, pyrazole, or imidazole, any of which may contain 1 to 3 substituents of R_7 .
7. A compound which is:
 - 1-[5(R)-3-[4-[(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-6-amino-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexan-3-yl]-3-fluorophenyl]-2-oxooxazolidin-5-ylmethyl]-1,2,3-triazole,
 - 1-[5(R)-3-[4-[(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-6-amino-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexan-3-yl]-3,5-difluorophenyl]-2-oxooxazolidin-5-ylmethyl]-1,2,3-triazole,
 - 1-[5(R)-3-[4-[(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-6-[(t-butyl)diphenylsilyl]oxy]methylbicyclo[3.1.0]hex-2-en-3-yl]phenyl]-2-oxooxazolidin-5-ylmethyl]-1,2,3-triazole,
 - 1-[5(R)-3-[4-[(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-6-[(t-butyl)diphenylsilyl]oxy]methylbicyclo[3.1.0]hex-2-en-3-yl]-3-fluorophenyl]-2-oxooxazolidin-5-ylmethyl]-1,2,3-triazole,
 - 1-[5(R)-3-[4-[(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-6-hydroxyoxymethylbicyclo[3.1.0]hex-2-en-3-yl]phenyl]-2-oxooxazolidin-5-ylmethyl]-1,2,3-triazole,
 - 1-[5(R)-3-[3-fluoro-4-[(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-6-hydroxyoxymethylbicyclo[3.1.0]hex-2-en-3-yl]phenyl]-2-oxooxazolidin-5-ylmethyl]-1,2,3-triazole,
 - 1-[5(R)-3-[4-[(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-6-cyanobicyclo[3.1.0]hex-2-en-3-yl]phenyl]-2-oxooxazolidin-5-ylmethyl]-1,2,3-triazole,

1-[5(R)-3-[4-[(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)-6-cyanobicyclo[3.1.0]hex-2-en-3-yl]-3-fluorophenyl]-2-oxooxazolidin-5-ylmethyl]-1,2,3-triazole,

or its enantiomer, diastereomer, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt, hydrate or prodrug thereof.

8. A pharmaceutical composition comprised of a compound in accordance with claim 1 in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and optionally a in combination with a vitamin selected from the group consisting vitamin B2, vitamin B6, vitamin B12 and folic acid.

9. A method of treating or preventing a bacterial infection in a mammalian patient in need thereof, comprising administering to said patient an effective amount of a compound of claim 1.

10. A method of treating or preventing bacterial infection or an oxazolidinone-associated side effect by administering an effective amount of a compound of formula I of claim 1 and an effective amount of one or more of a vitamin selected from the group consisting of vitamin B2, vitamin B6, vitamin B12 and folic acid to a patient in need thereof.

11. A method according to claim 10 for treating or preventing oxazolidinone-associated normocytic anemia, peripheral sensory neuropathy, sideroblastic anemia, peripheral sensory neuropathy, optic neuropathy, seizures, thrombocytopenia, cheilosis, hypo-regenerative anemia, megaloblastic anemia and seborrheic dermatitis by administering an effective amount of vitamin B2 to a patient in need thereof.